

Self-Assessment for BerkeleyX CS190.1x

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Databricks

1 Linear Algebra

1. *Matrix-Matrix Multiply.* Solve the equation below.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = ?$$

2. *Vector-Vector Multiply.* Which of the following statements about the two mathematical expressions below are true (more than one may be correct)?

$$\begin{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}^\top \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}^\top \\ \text{(a)} & \text{(b)} \end{matrix}$$

- (a) is an inner product, and (b) is an outer product.
- (a) is an outer product, and (b) is an inner product.
- The output of (a) is a 2×2 matrix.
- The output of (b) is scalar.

3. *Matrix Properties.* Consider the $n \times m$ matrix \mathbf{A} . Which of the following statements are true (more than one may be correct)?

- \mathbf{A} is symmetric iff $\mathbf{A}^\top = \mathbf{A}$.
- $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{A}$.
- If $n \neq m$ then \mathbf{A}^{-1} does not exist.
- Assuming \mathbf{A}^{-1} exists, $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \mathbf{I}$ where \mathbf{I} is the identity matrix.

4. *Norms.* Consider the n -dimensional vector \mathbf{x} . Which of the following statements are true (more than one may be correct)?

- $\|\mathbf{x}\|_2^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2$.
- $\|\mathbf{x}\|_2^2 = \mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{x}$.
- $\|\mathbf{x}\|_2^2 = \|\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}^\top\|_F$.
- $\|\mathbf{x}\|_2 \geq \|\mathbf{x}\|_1$.

2 Algorithms

1. *Big-O notation.* Consider the $n \times m$ matrix \mathbf{A} and the n -dimensional vector \mathbf{x} . What is the time complexity in Big-O notation of computing $\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{x}$? What is the space complexity in Big-O notation?

2. *Higher-order Functions.* Evaluate the Python expression below.

```
myList = [-2, 4, 3, -1]
map(lambda x: x*3 + 2, myList)
```

3 Machine Learning

1. *Overfitting.* Which of the following statements are true (more than one may be correct)?
 - Assessing a coin’s bias from a single observed coin flip is an example of overfitting.
 - Overfitting is primarily a concern when training statistical models with large datasets.
 - Regularization is used to protect against overfitting.
 - Overfitting to the training data leads to poor generalization on new data points.
2. *Learning Settings.* Match each problem description with the type of learning setting.

Problem	Learning Setting
Differentiating between spam and non-spam emails	Regression
Predicting SAT scores from high-school GPA	Binary classification
Categorizing images as one of 100 image classes	Multiclass Classification

4 Calculus and Probability

1. *Derivatives.* Compute the derivative of

$$f(w) = l(w) + \lambda w^2$$

with respect to w , given some differentiable function $l(\cdot)$ and some constant λ .

2. *Expected Value.* Let S_n be the number of successes in n independent and identically distributed Bernoulli trials with probability p for success. Compute the expected number of successes.
3. *Conditional Probability.* Which of the following statements are true (more than one may be correct)?
 - $\mathbf{P}[X|Y]\mathbf{P}[Y] = \mathbf{P}[Y|X]\mathbf{P}[X]$.
 - $\mathbf{P}[X] = \mathbf{P}[X|Y]\mathbf{P}[Y]$.
 - $\mathbf{P}[X, Y] = \mathbf{P}[X|Y]\mathbf{P}[Y]$.
 - $\mathbf{P}[X|Y] = \mathbf{P}[X]$ if X and Y are independent.
4. *Probability Distributions.* Match each distribution to its probability density function.

Distribution	Probability Density Function
Normal	$\binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$
Binomial	$\frac{1}{b-a}$ when $a \leq x \leq b$; 0 otherwise
Uniform	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{-2\sigma^2}\right)$
Bernoulli	$p^x (1-p)^{1-x}$

5 Python

1. *Online Quiz.* Take the following online quiz: <http://www.mypytho quiz.com>.

6 Additional Resources

Listed below are a few resources that cover the topics discussed above. All of these resources are freely available on the web.

- Machine Learning: Pedros Domingos' review paper [3] and the introduction to Mohri, Rostamizadeh and Talwalkar's textbook [6].¹
- Linear Algebra: Zico Kolter and Chuong Do's tutorial [5].
- Calculus: Wikipedia's calculus book [2].
- Probability: Paola Sebastiani's tutorial [7].
- Algorithms: Wikipedia's algorithms book [1], in particular Chapter 2: Mathematical Background.
- Python: The Python tutorial as part of the UC Berkeley CS188 course [4].

References

- [1] Algorithms {fundamental techniques}. <http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Algorithms>.
- [2] Calculus. <http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Calculus>.
- [3] Pedro Domingos. A Few Useful Things to Know About Machine Learning. *Communications of the ACM*, 55(10):78–87, 2012. <http://homes.cs.washington.edu/~pedrod/papers/cacml2.pdf>.
- [4] Dan Klein and Pieter Abbeel. Python Basics. <http://ai.berkeley.edu/tutorial.html#PythonBasics>.
- [5] Zico Kolter and Chuong Do. Linear Algebra Review and Reference. <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~zkolter/course/15-884/linalg-review.pdf>.
- [6] Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, and Ameet Talwalkar. *Foundations of Machine Learning*. The MIT Press, 2012. <https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/foundations-machine-learning>.
- [7] Paola Sebastiani. A Tutorial on Probability Theory. <http://www.sci.utah.edu/~gerig/CS6640-F2010/prob-tut.pdf>.

¹The introduction to this book is available as a 'Sample Chapter' on the MIT Press website.