

Midterm Exam

Each of the three questions is worth five points, for a total of 15 points. Write your name and id number at the top of the first page you submit. Write the solutions for different questions on different sheets of paper. Don't submit this handout.

1. Consider the grammar

$$E ::= E . i (E) \mid (E) \mid E ? E : E \mid i$$

where $\{E\}$ is the set of nonterminal symbols, E is the start symbol, and

$$\{ . ? : () \} \cup \{ i \mid i \text{ is an identifier} \}$$

is the set of terminal symbols. (Identifiers are not defined here.) Give an LL(1) grammar which generates the same language as the one above, show the FIRST and FOLLOW sets for each nonterminal symbol, and the predictive parsing table. Argue that the grammar is LL(1).

2. Consider the grammar

$$\begin{aligned} A &::= B C x \mid y \\ B &::= y A \mid \epsilon \\ C &::= A y \mid x \end{aligned}$$

where $\{A, B, C\}$ is the set of nonterminal symbols, A is the start symbol, $\{x, y\}$ is the set of terminal symbols, and ϵ denotes the empty string. The grammar is not LL(1). Why? As part of your answer, show the FIRST and FOLLOW sets for each nonterminal symbol.

3. Consider the grammar

$$\begin{aligned} E &::= B A \\ A &::= \& B A \mid \epsilon \\ B &::= \text{true} \mid \text{false} \end{aligned}$$

where $\{E, A, B\}$ is the set of nonterminal symbols, E is the start symbol, $\{\&, \text{true}, \text{false}\}$ is the set of terminal symbols, and ϵ denotes the empty string. The grammar is LL(1). Sketch Java code in reasonable detail for a recursive-descent parser based on the grammar.