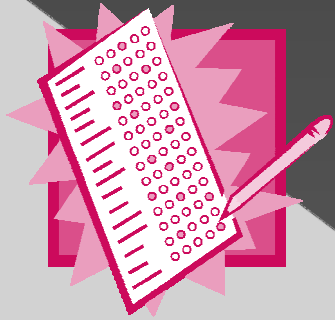


# Graph-based Adaptive Diagnosis

CS 194 Final Project Results  
Jessica Wang  
Advisor: Amit Sahai

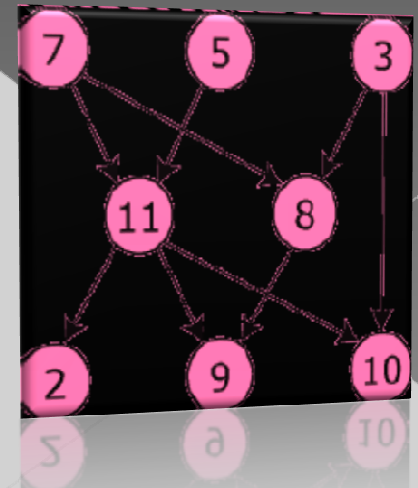


## Problem:

- Create a student evaluation system
  - > More effective than a regular test
  - > Responds and adapts to the student's answers
- Accurately assess student understanding
- Identify the weak topics/areas from just a few questions

# Proposed Implementation

- Utilization of a directed graph
  - > Subtopics are represented by nodes
  - > Edges have directions, weight, and type
- Subject: math
- Calculate student's mastery in topic
- Calculate test's confidence of that estimation

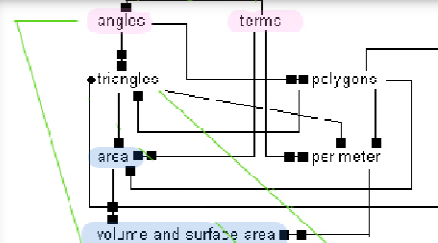


# Actual Implementation

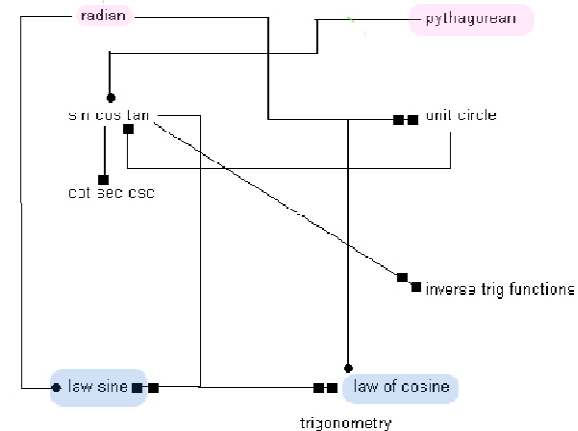
- Graph of nodes and edges
- Edges: traversal done between
  - > Critical nodes
  - > subtopics that are absolutely necessary for the next topic
- Nodes
  - > 2 types of nodes: critical and normal
  - > Traversal starts out from critical nodes
- Evaluation algorithm: 2 parts
  - > Part 1: region determination
  - > Part 2: region evaluation

# Region Exploration

- Traversal algorithm between regions:
  - > Start from the easiest region
  - > Move to higher/lower region depending on student's response
  - > Return the region to be explored
  - > Return whether this algorithm is conclusive/inconclusive



Geometry



combinations and permutations

complex numbers

polynomial functions

inverse functions

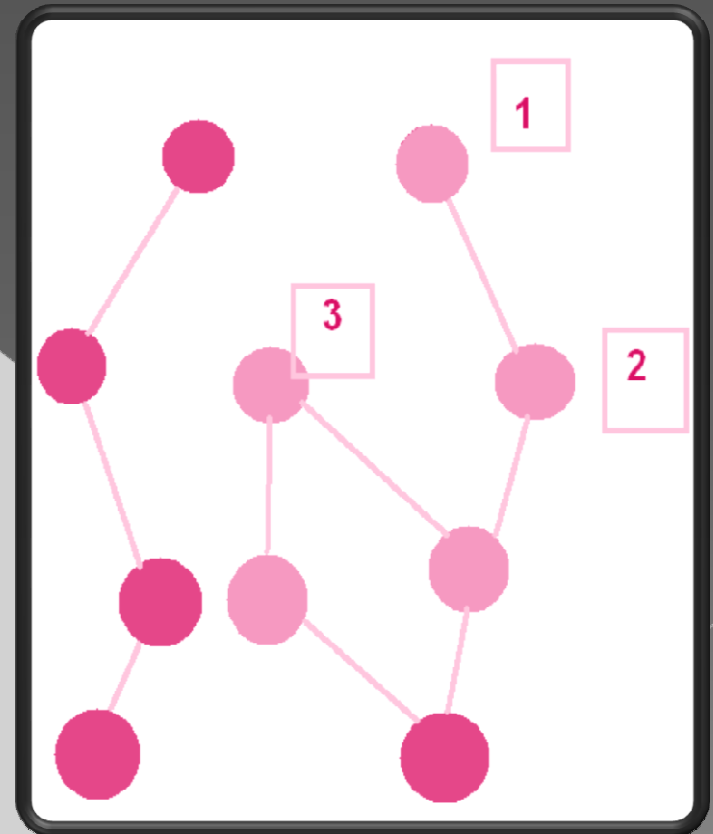
matrices and determinants

systems of linear equations 3 variables

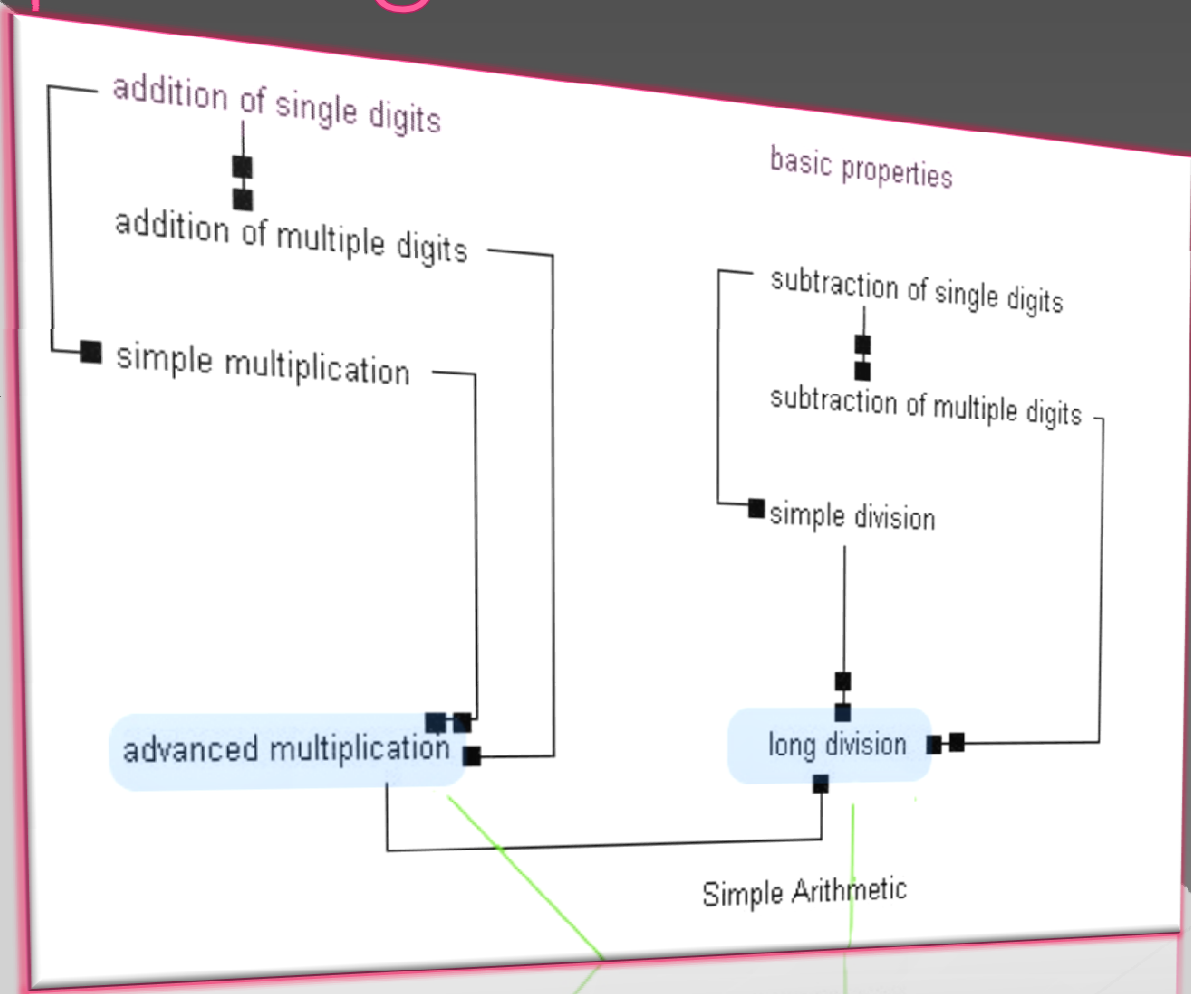
algebra 2

# Subtopics determination - Algorithm

- Algorithm to explore region
  - > Weird marker
  - > Trickle-down estimation of mastery
  - > Parallel traversal of routes: pick the next highest topic to ask

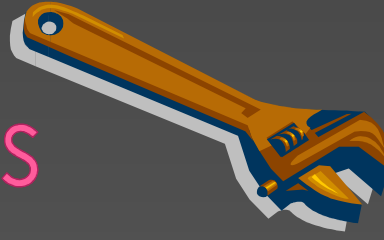


# Subtopics determination – Sample Region



Simple Arithmetic

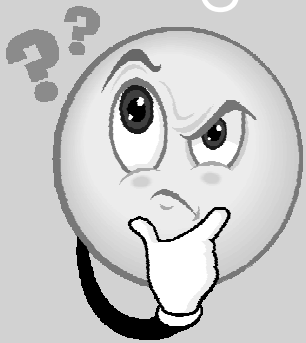
# Issues



- Ambiguous results: did student really master the region/topic?
- How many questions to ask?
  - > Per topic
  - > Per test
- How many points to deduct?
  - > Are points too specific?
  - > Use a more general marker

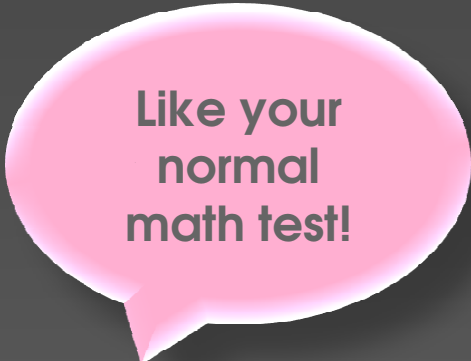
# Results

- ◉ Determines the correct region most of the time
  - > Algorithm sometimes underestimates student ability
  - > Correctly takes into consideration student guessing



- When answered incorrectly 20% of the time
- Less accurate when student misses a higher percentage (33% of questions wrong)

# Results



Like your  
normal  
math test!

## ○ Efficiency

- > Most efficient when everything is right
- > Worst case: around 30 questions
- > Average case: 15-20 questions (short questions)

## ○ Confidence of estimation

- > Does mastery marker match skill indication?
- > Did weird marker go off?

# Conclusion/Future Work

- Evaluation system
  - > Identifies the boundary between regions mastered and not yet mastered
  - > If boundary is not clear, identifies a boundary within unclear region
  - > Works relatively well: should have better confidence gauge
- Give the test to actual middle/high school students
- Implement graphic representation of the results

